



PART 1. ROTH IRA OWNER		PART 2. ROTH IRA TRUSTEE OR CUSTODIAN	
		-	To be completed by the IRA trustee or custodian
Name (First/MI/Last)		Name	
Social Security Number			
Date of Birth Phone			
Email Address			
Account Number		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Organization Number
- PART 3. CONTRIBUTION TYPE EI	LIGIBILITY REQUIREMEN	NTS	
- To be eligible for a Roth IRA contribution ty conditions that apply to contribution eligibi		for that contribution type mu	ıst be true. Refer to page 2 for rules and
REGULAR {Includes catch-up contribution	ns)		
☐ I have earned income or other eligible ☐ My modified adjusted gross income (N	compensation during the tax		
ROLLOVER FROM A ROTH IRA			
 ☐ I received the assets from the distribut ☐ I have not rolled over any other Roth ☐ I have not rolled over these assets from the distribut 	IRA distribution within the last	12 months.	nths.
DIRECT OR INDIRECT ROLLOVER FROM ☐ I am the plan participant, spouse bene participant.			
☐ This rollover contribution is from an e☐ This rollover contribution does not contribution does not contribution does not contribution does not contribution.			
If the check from the plan is payable to you I received the check within the last 60	- ·	ust also be true.	
CONVERSION FROM A TRADITIONAL		Marketta atta a	
This conversion contribution does not If the assets are not payable directly to your payable directly to you	our Roth IRA, the following sta		
☐ I received the assets within the last 60 If these assets have previously been conv	•	following statements also	must be true
☐ The original conversion occurred in a		Tollowing statements also	must be true.
☐ More than 30 days have passed since		d.	
If this is a conversion of assets from a SIM ☐ More than two years have passed since	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
PART 4. SIGNATURES			
I certify that all of the information provide type of Roth IRA contribution being made.	-	pe relied upon by the trustee	e or custodian. I certify that I am eligible for the
X			
Signature of Roth IRA Owner			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
X			
Signature of Witness			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

RULES AND CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ROTH IRA CONTRIBUTION ELIGIBILITY

The Roth IRA contribution rules are often complex. The general rules are listed below. If you have any questions regarding a contribution, please consult with a competent tax professional or refer to IRS Publication 590, *Individual Retirement Arrangements (JRAs)*, for more information. This publication is available on the IRS website at www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

REGULAR

You may contribute to a Roth IRA if you have earned income or other eligible compensation, and your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) is within certain limits. You are not eligible for a Roth IRA contribution if your MAGI is \$191,000 or greater (for 2014 and 2015) and you are a married taxpayer filing a joint income tax return, your MAGI is \$10,000 or greater and you are a married taxpayer filing a separate income tax return, or your MAGI is \$129,000 or greater (for 2014 and 2015) and you are any other taxpayer.

Contribution Limit. The total amount you may contribute to a Roth IRA for any tax year cannot exceed the lesser of \$5,500 (for 2014 and 2015) or 100 percent of your earned income and other eligible compensation. Your Roth IRA contribution is limited if your MAGI exceeds \$181,000 (for 2014 and 2015) if you are a married taxpayer filing a joint income tax return, your MAGI exceeds \$10,000 if you are a married taxpayer filing a separate income tax return, or exceeds \$114,000 (for 2014 and 2015) if you are any other taxpayer. If you also maintain a Traditional IRA, the maximum contribution to your Roth IRA is reduced by any contributions you make to your Traditional IRA.

Catch-Up Contribution. If you are age 50 or older by the end of the year, you may be eligible to make an additional catch-up contribution of \$1,000 to a Roth IRA for that tax year.

ROLLOVERS FROM A ROTH IRA

Timeliness. The assets you receive from the distributing Roth IRA generally must be deposited into another Roth IRA within 60 calendar days.

Twelve-Month Restriction. Effective for distributions taken on or after January 1, 2015, you are permitted to roll over only one distribution from an IRA (Traditional, Roth, or SIMPLE) in a 12-month period, regardless of the number of IRAs you own.

DIRECT OR INDIRECT ROLLOVER FROM AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER-SPONSORED RETIREMENT PLAN

Eligible Person. You are an eligible person only if you were or are a participant in an eligible plan, the surviving spouse beneficiary of a deceased participant, or the alternate payee (spouse or former spouse) identified in a qualified domestic relations order. A nonspouse beneficiary may roll over to an inherited Roth IRA only as a direct rollover.

Eligible Plan. A distribution will not be eligible to be rolled over unless the distribution is made from an eligible employer-sponsored retirement plan. A rollover contribution must be from one of the following eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans: qualified retirement plan (Internal Revenue Code Section (IRC Sec.) 401(a) (e.g., 401(k), profit sharing, money purchase pension)), annuity plan (IRC. Sec. 403(a)), tax-sheltered annuity plan (IRC Sec. 403(b)), governmental deferred compensation plan (IRC Sec. 457(b)), or federal Thrift Savings Plan.

Ineligible Rollover Distributions. The following types of distributions are ineligible for rollover.

- · Required minimum distributions
- Distributions that are part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (made over single or joint life expectancy or a specified period of 10 or more years)
- Hardship distributions
- Returns of 401(k) elective deferrals because of the IRC Sec. 415 allocation limitations
- Returns of excess contributions and excess aggregate contributions from a 401(k) or 401(m) plan
- · Returns of excess deferrals (i.e., amounts that exceed the deferral limit)
- Plan loan amounts that are treated as distributions because of a default or because the loan does not meet the IRC Sec. 72(p) requirements
- Dividends paid on employer securities as described in IRC Sec. 404(k)
- PS 58 costs (associated with life insurance coverage)
- Permissible withdrawals from eligible automatic contribution arrangements (generally within 90 days of the first automatic contribution)

Timeliness. If payable to you, the assets you receive from the distributing plan must be deposited into a Roth IRA within 60 calendar days.

CONVERSION FROM A TRADITIONAL IRA OR SIMPLE IRA

Required Minimum Distribution. Distributions that represent required minimum distributions paid to an IRA owner or beneficiary may not be converted

Timeliness. If payable to you, the assets you receive from the distributing IRA must be deposited into a Roth IRA within 60 calendar days.

Reconversion Restriction. To convert the assets that were previously converted and recharacterized, the original conversion must have occurred in a prior year and you must wait at least 30 days after the assets have been recharacterized.

SIMPLE IRA Rollover Restriction. SIMPLE IRA assets may not be converted to a Roth IRA within two years of the first contribution to your SIMPLE IRA.